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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
10	IAN A. WOODS,	) 2:13-cv-01029-APG-NJK
11	Plaintiff,	) )
12	VS.	ORDER GRANTING IN PART MOTION
13	AARON BROWN, et al.,	(Docket No. 100)
14	Defendants.	) )
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16	Pending before the Court is Plaintiff's motion to extend his copy work limit. Docket No. 100.	
17	That motion was served on Defendants on April 29, 2015. Docket No. 100 at 5. To date, Defendants	
18	have failed to file a response in opposition. While the Court has discretion to grant the motion as	
19	unopposed, see Local Rule 7-2(d), it has instead chosen to review the motion on its merits. For the	
20	reasons discussed more fully below, the motion is hereby GRANTED in part.	
21	An inmate has no constitutional right to free photocopying. <i>Johnson v. Moore</i> , 948 F.2d 517,	
22	521 (9th Cir. 1991). Pursuant to NDOC regulations, inmates can only accrue a maximum of \$100 debt	
23	for copy work expenses for all cases. See, e.g., Weddle v. Baker, 2014 U.S. Dist. Lexis 151674, *3 (D	
24	Nev. Oct. 27, 2014). "In this district, courts have found that they can order a prison to extend limited	
25	photocopying when it is necessary for an inmate to provide copies to the Court and other parties." <i>Id</i>	
26	(citing Allen v. Clark Cnty. Det. Ctr., 2011 U.S. Dist. Lexis 31756 (D. Nev. Mar. 11, 2011)).	

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Plaintiff has indicated that he has spent nearly all of his current copy allotment in moving for default judgment and to extend his deadline to oppose summary judgment, along with exhibits attached thereto. *See* Docket No. 100 at 2. The Court <u>again</u> advises Plaintiff, however, that he should use his copying privileges sparingly, refrain from filing numerous, unnecessary and duplicative motions, and attempt to duplicate documents through other means (including handwriting copies). Plaintiff does not explain why he could not copy the above motions through handwriting. Moreover, it appears Plaintiff is making copies of exhibits that are unnecessary. For example, the exhibits consist in part of orders or motions that are on the docket, and the Court fails to discern a need for copies of those documents to be submitted as exhibits. Instead, Plaintiff's motions can simply refer to the appropriate docket number as a reference without the need to attach the actual document as an exhibit.

Nonetheless, Plaintiff has given an accounting of how he has used his current copy allotment and the Court finds it in the interest of justice to provide an additional \$20 in copy costs for Plaintiff to oppose summary judgment. Accordingly, the motion is hereby **GRANTED** in part. Defendants' counsel shall promptly arrange for this additional \$20 to be made available for Plaintiff's copying needs. The Court expects this \$20 to be spent in accordance with the above guidance regarding handwriting copies and refraining from submitting unnecessary exhibits.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May 19, 2015

NANCY J. KORPE

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE